

ANZ NATIONAL BANK LIMITED GROUP

General Short Form Disclosure Statement

for the nine months ended 30 June 2007

Number 46 Issued August 2007

GENERAL SHORT FORM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT for the nine months ended 30 June 2007

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GENERAL DISCLOSURES

This Short Form Disclosure Statement has been issued in accordance with the Registered Bank Disclosure Statement (Off-Quarter – New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2007 ('the Order').

In this Short Form Disclosure Statement unless the context otherwise requires:

- a) "Banking Group" means ANZ National Bank Limited and all its subsidiaries; and
- b) any term or expression which is defined in, or in the manner prescribed by, the Registered Bank Disclosure Statement (Off-Quarter – New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2007 shall have the meaning given in or prescribed by that Order.

General Matters

The full name of the registered bank is ANZ National Bank Limited ('the Bank') and its address for service is Level 14, ANZ Tower, 215-229 Lambton Quay, Wellington, New Zealand.

The Bank was incorporated under the Companies Act 1955 by virtue of the ANZ Banking Group (New Zealand) Act 1979 on 23 October 1979, and was re-registered under the Companies Act 1993 on 13 June 1997.

The immediate parent company of the Bank is ANZ Holdings (New Zealand) Limited (incorporated in New Zealand). The immediate parent company is owned by ANZ Funds Pty Limited (incorporated in Australia).

The Ultimate Parent Bank is Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited, which is incorporated in Australia, and its address for service is 100 Queen Street, Melbourne, Australia.

The Bank is wholly owned by its immediate parent company and ultimately the Ultimate Parent Bank. The immediate parent company has the power under the Bank's Constitution to appoint any person as a Director of the Bank either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director or to remove any person from the office of Director, from time to time by giving written notice to the Bank. No appointment of a new Director may occur unless the Reserve Bank of New Zealand confirms that it does not object to the appointment.

Material Financial Support

In accordance with the requirements issued by the Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority pursuant to the Prudential Standards, Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited, as the Ultimate Parent Bank, may not provide material financial support to the Bank contrary to the following:

- the Ultimate Parent Bank should not undertake any third party dealings with the prime purpose of supporting the business of the Bank;
- the Ultimate Parent Bank should not hold unlimited exposures (should be limited as to specified time and amount) in the Bank (e.g. not provide a general guarantee covering any of the Bank's obligations);
- the Ultimate Parent Bank should not enter into cross default clauses whereby a default by the Bank on an obligation (whether financial or otherwise) is deemed to trigger a default of the Ultimate Parent Bank in its obligations;

- the Board of the Ultimate Parent Bank in determining limits on acceptable levels of exposure to the Bank should have regard to:
 - the level of exposure that would be approved to third parties of broadly equivalent credit status. In this regard, prior consultation (and in some cases approval) is required before entering exceptionally large exposures; and
 - the impact on the Ultimate Parent Bank's capital and liquidity position and its ability to continue operating in the event of a failure by the Bank.
- the level of exposure to the Bank not exceeding:
 - 50% on an individual exposure basis; and
 - 150% in aggregate (being exposures to all similar regulated entities related to the Ultimate Parent Bank)

of the Ultimate Parent Bank's capital base.

Additionally, the Ultimate Parent Bank may not provide material financial support in breach of the Australian Banking Act (1959). This requires the Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority to exercise its powers and functions for the protection of a bank's depositors and in the event of a bank becoming unable to meet its obligations or suspending payment the assets of the bank in Australia shall be available to meet that bank's deposit liabilities in Australia in priority to all other liabilities of the bank.

The Ultimate Parent Bank has not provided material financial support to the Bank contrary to any of the above requirements.

Guarantors

The material obligations of the Bank are not guaranteed.

Directorate

There have been changes to the Bank's Board of Directors since the authorisation date of the previous Disclosure Statement on 1 May 2007. Dr D T Brash was appointed as a director of ANZ National Bank Limited on 1 June 2007 replacing Mr R A McLeod who retired from the Board on 20 June 2007.

On 20 June 2007, Mr N M T Geary resigned as Risk Committee Chairman and was appointed Audit Committee Chairman. Also on 20 June 2007, Dr D T Brash was appointed Risk Committee Chairman.

INCOME STATEMENT for the nine months ended 30 June 2007

	Note	Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2007 \$m	Consolidated Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited Year to 30/09/2006 \$m
Continuing operations				
Interest income		5,988	5,500	7,206
Interest expense		4,344	3,926	5,077
Net interest income		1,644	1,574	2,129
Net trading gains		134	143	159
Other operating income		482	454	621
Share of profit of equity accounted associates and jointly controlled entities		17	18	22
Net operating income		2,277	2,189	2,931
Operating expenses		992	1,005	1,323
Profit before provision for credit impairment and income tax		1,285	1,184	1,608
Provision for credit impairment	11	56	5	18
Profit before income tax		1,229	1,179	1,590
Income tax expense	3	457	380	523
Profit after income tax from continuing operations		772	799	1,067
Discontinued operation				
Profit from discontinued operations (net of income tax)	7	76	4	5
Profit after income tax		848	803	1,072

STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSES for the nine months ended 30 June 2007

	Note	Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2007 \$m	Consolidated Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited Year to 30/09/2006 \$m
Available-for-sale revaluation reserve:				
Valuation gain taken to equity		–	–	3
Cumulative gain transferred to the income statement on sale of financial assets		(3)	–	–
Cash flow hedges:				
Valuation gain (loss) taken to equity		60	(6)	18
Actuarial gain (loss) on defined benefit schemes		9	(1)	(2)
Income tax on items recognised directly in equity		(20)	2	(5)
Net income (expense) recognised directly in equity	17	46	(5)	14
Profit after income tax		848	803	1,072
Total recognised income and expenses for the period		894	798	1,086

BALANCE SHEET as at 30 June 2007

	Note	Consolidated		
		Unaudited 30/06/2007 \$m	Unaudited 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited 30/09/2006 \$m
Assets				
Liquid assets	4	3,027	2,306	2,698
Due from other financial institutions	5	3,122	5,923	5,617
Trading securities	6	3,613	2,242	1,596
Held for sale assets	7	–	–	538
Derivative financial instruments		4,384	2,320	2,020
Available-for-sale assets	8	46	248	359
Net loans and advances	9, 10, 11	85,128	76,453	78,155
Shares in associates and jointly controlled entities		196	180	177
Current tax assets		–	43	114
Other assets		722	683	890
Deferred tax assets		332	349	332
Premises and equipment		226	713	240
Goodwill and other intangible assets		3,291	3,287	3,288
Total assets		104,087	94,747	96,024
Liabilities				
Due to other financial institutions	12	4,219	3,734	3,987
Deposits and other borrowings	13	66,135	63,266	63,176
Derivative financial instruments		4,800	2,298	1,997
Payables and other liabilities		1,423	1,330	1,216
Held for sale liabilities	7	–	–	53
Current tax liabilities		61	–	–
Deferred tax liabilities		296	197	210
Provisions		153	159	159
Bonds and notes	14	13,575	11,221	12,468
Related party funding		2,764	2,643	2,720
Loan capital	15	1,894	1,454	1,805
Total liabilities		95,320	86,302	87,791
Net assets		8,767	8,445	8,233
Equity				
Ordinary share capital	16	5,943	5,943	5,943
Reserves	17	95	36	55
Retained profits	17	2,729	2,466	2,235
Total equity		8,767	8,445	8,233

CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the nine months ended 30 June 2007

Note	Consolidated		
	Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2007 \$m	Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited Year to 30/09/2006 \$m
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received	5,707	5,111	6,738
Dividends received	2	–	1
Fees and other income received	676	752	979
Interest paid	(3,966)	(3,562)	(4,669)
Operating expenses paid	(967)	(943)	(1,276)
Income taxes paid	(216)	(292)	(466)
Cash flows from operating profits before changes in operating assets and liabilities	1,236	1,066	1,307
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Decrease (increase) in due from other financial institutions – term	43	437	(128)
Increase in trading securities	(1,859)	(1,230)	(576)
(Increase) decrease in derivative financial instruments	(1,847)	1,032	330
Decrease in available-for-sale assets	314	1,285	957
Increase in loans and advances	(7,437)	(6,848)	(8,607)
Decrease in other assets	243	370	117
Increase (decrease) in due to other financial institutions – term	1,142	(1,133)	(386)
Increase in deposits and other borrowings	3,682	3,056	2,883
Increase (decrease) in payables and other liabilities	64	(343)	(375)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	25	(2,308)	(4,478)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of shares in associates and jointly controlled entities	–	–	12
Proceeds related to sale of controlled entities	7	585	–
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment	18	43	87
Purchase of shares in subsidiary companies	–	(5)	(5)
Purchase of shares in associates and jointly controlled entities	(2)	(4)	(7)
Purchase of intangible assets	(8)	(6)	(10)
Purchase of premises and equipment	(37)	(138)	(228)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	556	(110)	(151)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from bonds and notes	3,416	4,233	6,337
Redemptions of bonds and notes	(635)	(636)	(663)
Proceeds from loan capital	250	–	400
Redemptions of loan capital	(125)	(100)	(100)
Increase (decrease) in related party funding	44	(7)	70
Dividends paid	(360)	(400)	(900)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	2,590	3,090	5,144
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(4,419)	(2,308)	(4,478)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	556	(110)	(151)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	2,590	3,090	5,144
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,273)	672	515
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	2,728	2,213	2,213
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	1,455	2,885	2,728
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the balance sheet			
Liquid assets	3,026	2,306	2,698
Due from other financial institutions – less than 90 days	1,487	4,213	3,998
Due to other financial institutions – less than 90 days	(3,058)	(3,634)	(3,968)
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,455	2,885	2,728

The notes on pages 7 to 30 form part of and should be read in conjunction with these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES**(i) Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the NZ IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and the Registered Bank Disclosure Statement (Off-Quarter – New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2007. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2006.

(ii) Measurement base

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with historical cost concepts except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value: derivative financial instruments, securities treated as available-for-sale, financial instruments available for trading, certain financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss, certain assets and liabilities designated as part of fair value hedging arrangements and defined benefit scheme assets and liabilities.

(iii) Changes in accounting policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies or methods of computation since the authorisation date of the previous Disclosure Statement on 1 May 2007.

(iv) Presentation currency and roundings

The amounts contained in the financial statements are presented in millions of New Zealand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

(v) Consolidation

These financial statements consolidate the financial statements of ANZ National Bank Limited (the 'Bank') and its subsidiaries (the 'Banking Group').

(vi) Comparatives

To ensure consistency with the current period, comparative figures have been restated where appropriate.

2. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

There has been no material change in the Banking Group's policies for managing risk, or material exposures to any new types of risk since the authorisation date of the previous Disclosure Statement on 1 May 2007.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2007 \$m	Consolidated Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited Year to 30/09/2006 \$m
Income tax expense on profit from continuing operations	457	380	523
Effective tax rate (%)	37.2%	32.2%	32.9%

4. LIQUID ASSETS

	Unaudited 30/06/2007 \$m	Consolidated Unaudited 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited 30/09/2006 \$m
Cash and balances with central banks	1,263	801	1,046
Securities purchased under agreement to resell	353	–	–
Money at call	1,331	1,343	1,493
Bills receivable and remittances in transit	80	162	159
Total liquid assets	3,027	2,306	2,698
Included within liquid assets is the following balance:			
Overnight balances with central banks	1,073	570	806

5. DUE FROM OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Able to be withdrawn without prior notice	383	743	1,019
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	552	2,466	657
Term loans and advances	2,187	2,714	3,941
Total due from other financial institutions	3,122	5,923	5,617
Included within due from other financial institutions are the following balances:			
Assets used to secure deposit obligations	200	204	–
Assets encumbered through repurchase agreements	–	1,035	1,164
Included within due from other financial institutions is the following related party balance:			
Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (Ultimate Parent Company)	4	204	51

6. TRADING SECURITIES

Government, Local Body stock and bonds	475	194	198
Certificates of deposit	2,582	1,604	1,112
Promissory notes	399	353	212
Other	157	91	74
Total trading securities	3,613	2,242	1,596
Included within trading securities is the following balance:			
Assets encumbered through repurchase agreements	376	194	198

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

7. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 1 September 2006, UDC Finance Limited ('UDC') agreed to sell Truck Leasing Limited ('TLL') to Nikko Principal Investments Australia Limited, a private equity business of Nikko Cordial Corporation. The sale was completed on 31 October 2006 for consideration of \$147 million.

As the sale agreement was signed on 1 September 2006, in accordance with accounting requirements the assets and liabilities of TLL were classified as held for sale as at 30 September 2006 and TLL treated as a discontinued operation.

TLL's unsecured bank borrowings with UDC were repaid on the sale date and have been excluded from TLL's liabilities classified as held for sale. As at 31 October 2006 this balance was \$438 million (30/09/2006 \$423 million).

The income statements have been restated to show the discontinued operation separately from continuing operations.

The profit from discontinued operations shown in the income statement comprised:

	Truck Leasing Limited		
	Unaudited 1 month to 31/10/2006 \$m	Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited Year to 30/09/2006 \$m
Result of discontinued operations			
Interest income	–	–	1
Interest expense	2	20	28
Net interest expense	(2)	(20)	(27)
Other operating income ¹	3	34	45
Net operating income	1	14	18
Operating expenses	1	7	9
Operating profit before provision for credit impairment and income tax	–	7	9
Provision for credit impairment	–	1	1
Operating profit before income tax	–	6	8
Income tax expense	–	2	3
Operating profit after income tax – discontinued operations	–	4	5
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	76	–	–
Net profit from discontinued operations	76	4	5
Cash flows from discontinued operations			
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	15	86	114
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(3)	(85)	(116)
Net cash flows from discontinued operations	12	1	(2)
¹ Other operating income includes:			
Gross operating lease income	14	121	162
Less direct income related expenses			
– Operating lease depreciation	8	68	90
– Other direct income related expenses	3	19	28
Net operating lease income	3	34	44

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

7. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

The assets and liabilities classified as held for sale as at 30 September 2006 comprised:

	Consolidated Audited 30/09/2006 \$m
Assets classified as held for sale	
Net loans and advances	3
Current tax assets	2
Other assets	40
Deferred tax assets	6
Premises and equipment (including operating lease assets)	486
Goodwill	1
	<hr/>
Total assets	538
	<hr/>
Liabilities classified as held for sale	
Payables and other liabilities	23
Provisions	1
Deferred tax liabilities	29
	<hr/>
Total liabilities	53
	<hr/>

The sale resulted in the following impact on the consolidated financial statements:

	Consolidated Unaudited 31/10/2006 \$m
Cash proceeds from sale	147
Impact on net assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	438
Assets classified as held for sale	(543)
Liabilities classified as held for sale	34
	<hr/>
Impact on net assets	(71)
	<hr/>
Gain on sale	76
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Cash flow statement	
Cash proceeds from sale	147
Repayment of related party loans and advances	438
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Proceeds related to sale of controlled entities	585
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

8. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE ASSETS

	Unaudited	Consolidated	
	30/06/2007	Unaudited	Audited
	\$m	30/06/2006	30/09/2006
		\$m	\$m
Government, Local Body stock and bonds	3	210	316
Floating rate notes	43	38	39
Other	–	–	4
Total available-for-sale assets	46	248	359
Included within available-for-sale assets is the following balance:			
Assets used to secure deposit obligations	–	21	221

9. NET LOANS AND ADVANCES

Overdrafts	1,997	2,035	1,907
Credit card outstanding	1,322	1,218	1,238
Term loans – housing	48,363	42,405	43,472
Term loans – non-housing	33,906	30,763	31,547
Finance lease receivables	745	797	776
Gross loans and advances	86,333	77,218	78,940
Provision for credit impairment (Note 11)	(466)	(472)	(460)
Unearned finance income	(275)	(244)	(248)
Fair value hedge adjustment	(529)	(84)	(119)
Deferred fee revenue and expenses	(52)	(52)	(50)
Capitalised brokerage/mortgage origination fees	117	87	92
Total net loans and advances	85,128	76,453	78,155
Included within net loans and advances is the following related party balance:			
ANZ Holdings (New Zealand) Limited (Parent Company)	–	80	58

The balance owing by the Parent Company is due within the next twelve months. Interest is received at variable bank rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

10. IMPAIRED ASSETS, PAST DUE ASSETS AND OTHER ASSETS UNDER ADMINISTRATION

	Unaudited 30/06/2007 \$m	Consolidated Unaudited 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited 30/09/2006 \$m
On-balance sheet impaired assets, past due assets and other assets under administration			
Impaired assets	113	180	151
Past due assets (90 days past due assets)	100	89	86
Other assets under administration	–	–	–
	<hr/>		
Total on-balance sheet impaired assets, past due assets and other assets under administration	213	269	237
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Off-balance sheet impaired assets	12	22	8
	<hr/>		
Total impaired assets, past due assets and other assets under administration	225	291	245
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11. PROVISION FOR CREDIT IMPAIRMENT

Collective provision			
Balance at beginning of the period	402	568	568
Adjustment on adoption of NZ IAS 39 on 1 October 2005	–	(154)	(154)
Transfer to held for sale assets	–	–	(2)
Charge (credit) to income statement	17	(23)	(10)
	<hr/>		
Balance at end of the period	419	391	402
	<hr/>		
Individual provision (impaired assets)			
Balance at beginning of the period	58	98	98
Adjustment on adoption of NZ IAS 39 on 1 October 2005	–	(6)	(6)
Transfer to held for sale assets	–	–	(1)
Charge to income statement – continuing operations	39	28	28
Charge to income statement – discontinuing operations	–	1	1
Recoveries	15	17	22
Bad debts written off	(62)	(53)	(77)
Discount unwind	(3)	(4)	(7)
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Balance at end of the period	47	81	58
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Total provision for credit impairment	466	472	460
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Provision movement analysis			
New and increased provisions	67	60	91
Provision releases	(13)	(15)	(41)
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Recoveries	54	45	50
	(15)	(17)	(22)
	<hr/>		
Individual provision charge	39	28	28
Collective provision charge (credit)	17	(23)	(10)
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Provision for credit impairment – continuing operations	56	5	18
Provision for credit impairment – discontinuing operations	–	1	1
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Provision for credit impairment	56	6	19
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Total provision for credit impairment has been deducted from gross loans and advances.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

12. DUE TO OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	Unaudited 30/06/2007 \$m	Consolidated	
		Unaudited 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited 30/09/2006 \$m
Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (Ultimate Parent Company)	803	1,894	1,082
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase from other financial institutions	376	1,229	1,362
Other financial institutions	3,040	611	1,543
Total due to other financial institutions	4,219	3,734	3,987
Included within due to other financial institutions is the following balance:			
Balances owing to the Ultimate Parent Company by ANZ National (Int'l) Limited guaranteed by the Bank	803	1,894	1,082
Balances owing to the Ultimate Parent Company are due within twelve months. Interest is paid at variable bank rates.			

13. DEPOSITS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Amortised cost			
Certificates of deposit	3,183	4,930	3,941
Term deposits	27,560	26,042	26,293
Demand deposits bearing interest	21,839	18,726	19,856
Deposits not bearing interest	3,993	4,248	3,919
Secured debenture stock	1,900	2,125	2,077
Secured deposits	200	200	200
Deposits and other borrowings – recognised at amortised cost	58,675	56,271	56,286
Fair value through the profit or loss			
Commercial paper	7,460	6,995	6,890
Deposits and other borrowings – recognised at fair value	7,460	6,995	6,890
Total deposits and other borrowings	66,135	63,266	63,176
Included within deposits and other borrowings is the following balance:			
Commercial paper issued by ANZ National (Int'l) Limited guaranteed by the Bank	7,467	6,997	6,894
Included within deposits and other borrowings is the following related party balance:			
ANZ Holdings (New Zealand) Limited (Parent Company)	82	–	–
The balance owing to the Parent Company is due within the next twelve months. Interest is paid at variable bank rates.			

UDC Finance Limited secured debentures

Registered secured debenture stock is constituted and secured by trust deeds between certain companies within the UDC Group (the “Charging Group”) and independent trustees. The trust deeds create floating charges over all the assets, primarily loans and advances, of those companies. As at the date of these financial statements, UDC Finance Limited is the only member of the Charging Group.

Carrying value of total tangible assets	2,196	2,461	2,383
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14. BONDS AND NOTES

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (Ultimate Parent Company)	1,822	755	719
Other bonds and notes issued	11,753	10,466	11,749
Total bonds and notes	13,575	11,221	12,468
Included within bonds and notes is the following balance:			
Bonds and notes issued by ANZ National (Int'l) Limited guaranteed by the Bank	12,588	10,274	11,513

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

15. LOAN CAPITAL

	Unaudited	Consolidated	
	30/06/2007	Unaudited 30/06/2006	Audited 30/09/2006
	\$m	\$m	\$m
AUD 207,450,000 term subordinated floating rate loan	228	253	238
AUD 265,740,000 perpetual subordinated floating rate loan	292	324	304
AUD 186,100,000 term subordinated floating rate loan	205	227	213
AUD 43,767,507 term subordinated floating rate loan	48	–	50
NZD term subordinated fixed rate bonds	1,121	650	1,000
	1,894	1,454	1,805
Total loan capital	1,894	1,454	1,805

Included within loan capital is the following related party balance:

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (Ultimate Parent Company)	773	804	805
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AUD 207,450,000 loan

This loan was drawn down on 31 August 2004 and has an ultimate maturity date of 31 August 2014. The Bank may elect to repay the loan on 31 August each year commencing from 2009 through to 2014. All interest is payable half yearly in arrears, with interest payments due 28 February and 31 August. Interest is based on BBSW + 0.40% p.a. up until, and including, 31 August 2009 and increases to BBSW + 0.90% p.a. thereafter.

AUD 265,740,000 loan

This loan was drawn down on 27 September 1996 and has no fixed maturity. Interest is payable half yearly in arrears based on BBSW + 0.95% p.a., with interest payments due 15 March and 15 September.

AUD 186,100,000 loan

This loan was drawn down on 19 April 2005 with an ultimate maturity date of 20 April 2015. The Bank may elect to repay the loan on 19 April each year commencing from 2010 through to 2015. All interest is payable half yearly in arrears, with interest payments due 19 April and 19 October. Interest is based on BBSW + 0.32% p.a. to 19 April 2010 and increases to BBSW + 0.82% p.a. thereafter.

AUD 43,767,507 loan

This loan was drawn down on 15 September 2006 with an ultimate maturity date of 15 September 2016. The Bank may elect to repay the loan on 15 September each year commencing from 2011 through to 2016. All interest is payable half yearly in arrears, with interest payments due 15 March and 15 September. Interest is based on BBSW + 0.29% p.a. to 15 September 2011 and increases to BBSW + 0.79% p.a. thereafter.

NZD term subordinated fixed rate bonds

The terms and conditions of these fixed rate and fixed term bonds are as follows:

New Zealand Exchange listed bonds

Issue date	Amount \$m	Coupon rate	Call date	Maturity date
23 July 2002	300	7.04%	23 July 2007	23 July 2012
15 September 2006	350	7.16%	15 September 2011	15 September 2016
2 March 2007	250	7.60%	2 March 2012	2 March 2017

The Bank may elect to redeem the bonds on their call date. If the bonds are not called they will continue to pay interest to maturity at the five year interest rate swap rate plus 0.80% p.a. Interest is payable half yearly in arrears based on the fixed coupon rate. On 23 July 2007, the Bank elected to redeem the issue of \$300 million bonds on their call date.

The bonds are listed on the NZX. On 10 October 2002 the Market Surveillance Panel of the NZX granted the Bank a waiver from the requirements of Listing Rules 10.4 and 10.5. Rule 10.4 relates to the provision of preliminary announcements of half yearly and annual results to the NZX. Rule 10.5 relates to preparing and providing a copy of half yearly and annual reports to the NZX. The Bank has been granted a waiver from these rules on the conditions that the Bank's quarterly General Disclosure Statement ('GDS') is available on the Bank's website, at any branch and at the NZX; that bondholders are advised by letter that copies of the GDS are available at the above locations; that all bondholders are notified on an ongoing basis, by way of a sentence included on the notification of interest payments, that the latest GDS is available for review at the above locations; and that a copy of the GDS is sent to the NZX on an ongoing basis.

As at 30 June 2007 these bonds carried an AA- rating by Standard & Poor's.

On 23 July 2007, the Bank issued a further \$350 million of subordinated fixed rate bonds. These bonds have a maturity date of 23 July 2017, with the ability for the Bank to elect to call the bonds on 23 July 2012. The bonds pay a coupon rate of 8.23%, with the rate resetting to the five year interest rate swap rate plus 0.74% if they are not called. Interest is payable half yearly in arrears.

Non listed bonds

Issue date	Amount \$m	Coupon rate	Call date	Maturity date
15 July 2002	125	7.40%	17 September 2007	17 September 2012
20 February 2003	100	6.46%	20 August 2008	20 August 2013

The Bank may elect to redeem the bonds on their call date. If not called, the 17 September 2012 bonds will continue to pay interest to maturity at the five year interest rate swap rate plus 1.00% p.a., while the 20 August 2013 bonds will continue to pay interest to maturity at the five year interest rate swap rate plus 0.97% p.a. Interest is payable half yearly in arrears based on the fixed coupon rate.

As at 30 June 2007 these bonds carried an AA- rating by Standard & Poor's.

Loan capital is subordinated in right of payment to the claims of depositors and all creditors of the Bank.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

16. ORDINARY SHARE CAPITAL

	Unaudited 30/06/2007 \$m	Consolidated Unaudited 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited 30/09/2006 \$m
Ordinary share capital			
Ordinary share capital at beginning and end of the period	5,943	5,943	5,943

Voting rights

At a meeting: on a show of hands or vote by voice every member who is present in person or by proxy or by representative shall have one vote.

On a poll: every member who is present in person or by proxy or by representative shall have one vote for every share of which such member is the holder.

17. RESERVES AND RETAINED PROFITS

	Unaudited 30/06/2007 \$m	Consolidated Unaudited 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited 30/09/2006 \$m
Available-for-sale revaluation reserve			
Balance at beginning of the period	3	n/a	n/a
Adjustment on adoption of NZ IAS 39 on 1 October 2005	–	–	–
Valuation gain recognised after tax	–	–	3
Cumulative gain transferred to income statement on sale of financial assets	(3)	–	–
Balance at end of the period	–	–	3
Cash flow hedging reserve			
Balance at beginning of the period	52	n/a	n/a
Adjustment on adoption of NZ IAS 39 on 1 October 2005	–	40	40
Valuation gain (loss) recognised after tax	43	(4)	12
Balance at end of the period	95	36	52
Total reserves	95	36	55
Retained profits			
Balance at beginning of the period	2,235	2,003	2,003
Adjustment on transition to NZ IFRS at 1 October 2005	–	61	61
Profit after income tax	848	803	1,072
Total available for appropriation	3,083	2,867	3,136
Actuarial gain (loss) on defined benefit schemes after tax	6	(1)	(1)
Interim ordinary dividend paid	(360)	(400)	(900)
Balance at end of the period	2,729	2,466	2,235

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

18. INTEREST EARNING AND DISCOUNT BEARING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Unaudited 30/06/2007 \$m	Consolidated	
		Unaudited 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited 30/09/2006 \$m
Interest earning and discount bearing assets	94,773	87,127	88,398
Interest and discount bearing liabilities	84,256	78,010	80,293

19. COMMITMENTS**Capital expenditure**

Contracts for outstanding capital expenditure:

Premises and equipment

Not later than 1 year

15	39	38
-----------	----	----

Total capital expenditure commitments

15	39	38
-----------	----	----

Lease rentals

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases:

Premises and equipment

No later than one year

84	84	79
-----------	----	----

Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years

157	178	172
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Later than five years

28	39	39
-----------	----	----

Total lease rental commitments

269	301	290
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Total commitments

284	340	328
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

20. SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

For segment reporting purposes, the Banking Group is organised into four major business segments – Retail Banking, Relationship Banking, Institutional and UDC. Centralised back office and corporate functions support these segments.

A summarised description of each business segment is shown below:

Retail Banking	Provides banking products and services to the personal banking segment and the small business segment through separate ANZ and The National Bank branded distribution channels. Personal banking customers have access to a wide range of financial services and products. Small business banking services are offered to enterprises with annual revenues of less than \$5 million. Included in this segment is Private Banking, a stand-alone business unit, which offers a fully inclusive banking and investment service to high net worth individuals. Includes profit centres supporting the Retail Banking segment (e.g. Direct Banking and the ING joint venture).
Relationship Banking	This segment provides services to rural, commercial and corporate customers. A full range of banking products and services are provided to Rural customers. Corporate and Commercial customers consist of medium to large businesses with annual revenues from \$5 million to \$150 million. The Banking Group's relationship with these businesses ranges from simple banking requirements with revenue from traditional lending and deposit products, to more complex arrangements with revenue sourced from a wider range of products.
Institutional	Comprises businesses that provide a full range of financial services to the Banking Group's largest corporate and institutional customers. The Institutional business unit is made up of the following specialised units: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Debt Product Group – manages customer relationships along industry segment lines, typically with wholesale clients with turnover greater than \$100 million. – Corporate and Structured Finance – provides specialist lending, underwriting and capital structuring and solutions to corporates, institutions and governments. – Markets – provides securities, derivatives and foreign exchange products and services to the Banking Group's client base. – Working Capital – provides trade finance, cash management, international payments, clearing and custodian services to the Banking Group's client base.
UDC	UDC is primarily involved in the financing and leasing of equipment, plant and machinery for small and medium sized businesses.
Other	Includes Treasury and back office support functions, none of which constitutes a separately reportable segment.

As the composition of segments has changed over time, prior period comparatives have been adjusted to be consistent with the 2007 segment definitions.

Business segment analysis – continuing operations^{1,2}

	Retail Banking \$m	Relationship Banking \$m	Institutional \$m	UDC \$m	Other \$m	Consolidated Total \$m
Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2007						
Net operating income	1,282	483	326	55	131	2,277
Profit before income tax	541	306	228	34	120	1,229
Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2006						
Net operating income	1,188	434	367	52	148	2,189
Profit before income tax	522	292	269	25	71	1,179
Audited year to 30/09/2006						
Net operating income	1,608	590	471	70	192	2,931
Profit before income tax	704	398	331	33	124	1,590

¹Results are equity standardised

²Intersegment transfers are accounted for and determined on an arm's length or cost recovery basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, CREDIT RELATED COMMITMENTS AND MARKET RELATED CONTRACTS

	Unaudited	Consolidated	
	30/06/2007	Unaudited	Audited
	\$m	30/06/2006	30/09/2006
		\$m	\$m
The estimated face or contract values are as follows:			
Contingent liabilities			
Financial guarantees ¹	1,900	1,611	1,688
Standby letters of credit	528	382	368
Transaction related contingent items	404	377	376
Trade related contingent liabilities	150	206	89
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total contingent liabilities	2,982	2,576	2,521
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Credit related commitments			
Commitments with certain drawdown due within one year	1,767	1,386	1,221
Commitments to provide financial services	20,748	20,591	20,338
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total credit related commitments	22,515	21,977	21,559
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Foreign exchange, interest rate and equity contracts			
Exchange rate contracts	72,397	71,842	73,017
Interest rate contracts	439,677	233,659	253,530
Equity contracts	20	30	30
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total foreign exchange, interest rate and equity contracts	512,094	305,531	326,577
		<hr/>	<hr/>

¹With effect from 1 October 2006, financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially at fair value. After initial recognition, such contracts are measured at the higher of the amount determined in accordance with NZ IAS 37: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, or the amount initially recognised. There was no financial impact on adoption of this amendment to NZ IAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, CREDIT RELATED COMMITMENTS AND MARKET RELATED CONTRACTS (continued)

The detailed and estimated maximum amount of contingent liabilities that may become payable are set out below.

Contingent tax liability

As previously disclosed, the New Zealand Inland Revenue Department ('IRD') is reviewing a number of structured finance transactions as part of an audit of the 2000 – 2003 tax years. This is part of an industry-wide review by the IRD of these transactions undertaken in New Zealand.

The Bank has received Notices of Proposed Adjustment (the 'Notices') in respect of some of these transactions. The Notices are formal advice that the IRD is proposing to amend tax assessments. The Notices are not tax assessments and do not establish a tax liability but are the first step in a formal disputes process.

As expected in March 2007 the IRD issued amended tax assessments as a follow up to the Notices in respect of five of these transactions for the 2002 tax year (prior to that tax year becoming statute-barred). The IRD has previously issued tax assessments as a follow up to the Notices in respect of two transactions for the 2000 tax year and in respect of four transactions for the 2001 tax year (in each case prior to that tax year becoming statute-barred). Proceedings disputing the amended tax assessments with respect to the 2000, 2001 and 2002 tax years have been commenced.

Based on the independent tax and legal advice obtained, the Bank is confident that the tax treatment it has adopted for these transactions and all similar transactions is correct.

The tax adjustments proposed so far by the IRD cover the 2000 to 2003 tax years and imply a maximum potential liability of \$159 million (\$232 million with interest tax effected).

The IRD is also investigating other transactions undertaken by the Banking Group, which have been subject to the same tax treatment. Should the same position be taken by the IRD for all years on all these transactions, including those that the Notices cover, the maximum potential liability would be approximately \$365 million (\$497 million with interest tax effected) as at 30 June 2007.

Of the maximum potential tax liability in dispute, it has been estimated that approximately \$99 million (\$139 million with interest tax effected) is subject to indemnities given by Lloyds TSB Bank plc under the agreement by which the Bank acquired the NBNZ Holdings Limited Group, and which relate to transactions undertaken by NBNZ Group before December 2003.

This leaves a net potential tax liability as at 30 June 2007 of \$266 million (\$358 million with interest tax effected).

All of these transactions have now either matured or been terminated.

Other contingent liabilities

In November 2006, the Commerce Commission brought proceedings under the Commerce Act 1986 against Visa, MasterCard and all New Zealand issuers of Visa and MasterCard credit cards, including ANZ National Bank Limited. The Commission alleges price fixing and substantially lessening competition in relation to the setting of credit card interchange fees and is seeking penalties and orders under the Commerce Act.

Subsequently, several major New Zealand retailers have issued proceedings against ANZ National Bank Limited and the other abovementioned defendants seeking unquantified damages, based on allegations similar to those contained in the Commerce Commission proceedings.

ANZ National Bank Limited is defending the proceedings. At this stage, the risks and any potential liabilities cannot be assessed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

22. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

Concentrations of credit risk to individual counterparties

The number of individual counterparties other than banks or groups of closely related counterparties of which a bank is a parent (excluding OECD Governments and connected persons), where the quarter end and peak end-of-day credit exposures equal or exceed 10% of equity (as at the end of the quarter) in ranges of 10% of equity, on the basis of limits:

	Unaudited 30/06/2007		Consolidated		Audited 30/09/2006	
	Number of Counterparties		Number of Counterparties		Number of Counterparties	
	As at	Peak for the quarter	As at	Peak for the quarter	As at	Peak for the quarter
10% to 20% of equity	2	2	2	2	2	2

As noted above, the number of individual counterparties disclosed within the various equity ranges is based on counterparty limits rather than actual exposures outstanding. No account is taken of security and/or guarantees which the Banking Group may hold in respect of the various counterparty limits.

The amount and percentage of quarter end and peak end-of-day credit exposures to individual counterparties other than banks or groups of closely related counterparties of which a bank is a parent (excluding OECD Governments and connected persons), where the quarter end and peak end-of-day credit exposures equal or exceed 10% of equity (as at the end of the quarter), by credit rating:

	Unaudited 30/06/2007		Consolidated		Audited 30/09/2006	
	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
	\$m	Credit Exposure	\$m	Credit Exposure	\$m	Credit Exposure
As at						
Investment grade credit rating (Note 1)	2,502	100.0%	2,286	100.0%	2,281	100.0%
Peak for the quarter						
Investment grade credit rating (Note 1)	2,502	100.0%	2,286	100.0%	2,286	100.0%

Concentrations of credit risk to bank counterparties

The number of bank counterparties or groups of closely related counterparties of which a bank is the parent (excluding OECD Governments and connected persons), where the quarter end and peak end-of-day credit exposures equal or exceed 10% of equity (as at the end of the quarter) in ranges of 10% of equity, on the basis of actual exposures:

	Unaudited 30/06/2007		Consolidated		Audited 30/09/2006	
	Number of Counterparties		Number of Counterparties		Number of Counterparties	
	As at	Peak for the quarter	As at	Peak for the quarter	As at	Peak for the quarter
10% to 20% of equity	2	3	–	1	2	3
20% to 30% of equity	–	–	2	2	–	–

The amount and percentage of quarter end and peak end-of-day credit exposures to bank counterparties or groups of closely related counterparties of which a bank is a parent (excluding OECD Governments and connected persons), where the quarter end and peak end-of-day credit exposures equal or exceed 10% of equity (as at the end of the quarter), by credit rating:

	Unaudited 30/06/2007		Consolidated		Audited 30/09/2006	
	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
	\$m	Credit Exposure	\$m	Credit Exposure	\$m	Credit Exposure
As at						
Investment grade credit rating (Note 1)	2,441	100.0%	3,445	100.0%	1,700	100.0%
Peak for the quarter						
Investment grade credit rating (Note 1)	3,333	100.0%	4,499	100.0%	2,546	100.0%

Note 1

All of the individual and bank counterparties included in the above tables have an investment grade rating. An investment grade credit rating means a credit rating of BBB- or Baa3 or above, or its equivalent. In the case of a group of closely related counterparties, the credit rating applicable is that of the entity heading the group of closely related counterparties. The credit rating is applicable to an entity's long term senior unsecured obligations payable in New Zealand, in New Zealand dollars, or to an entity's long term senior unsecured foreign currency obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

24. SECURITISATION, FUNDS MANAGEMENT, OTHER FIDUCIARY ACTIVITIES, MARKETING AND DISTRIBUTION OF INSURANCE PRODUCTS**Securitisation**

The Banking Group has not securitised any of its own assets. The Banking Group is involved in providing banking services to customers who securitise assets.

Funds management

Certain subsidiaries of the Bank act as trustee and/or manager for a number of unit trusts and superannuation funds. The Bank provides private banking services to a number of clients, including investment advice and portfolio management. The Banking Group is not responsible for any decline in performance of the underlying assets of the investors due to market forces.

The ANZ FlexiMortgage Income Trust holds mortgages under an equitable assignment with the Bank. The ANZ FlexiMortgage Income Trust can at any time require the Bank to repurchase any mortgage. The Bank may also require repurchase in certain circumstances. The mortgages are included in these financial statements.

As funds under management are not controlled by the Banking Group, they are not included in these financial statements. The Banking Group derives fee income from the sale and management of superannuation bonds and superannuation schemes, unit trusts and the provision of private banking services to a number of clients. The Banking Group derives commission income from the sale of third party funds management products.

Custodial services

The Banking Group provides custodial services to customers in respect of assets that are beneficially owned by those customers.

Marketing and distribution of insurance products

The Bank markets and distributes a range of insurance products which are underwritten by several insurance companies. These activities are managed in association with the ING New Zealand joint venture.

The Banking Group mitigates its exposure to implicit risk by meeting the RBNZ minimum separation requirements. In particular, the Banking Group discloses as required that it does not guarantee any issuer of insurance products nor the products issued, that the insurance policies do not represent deposits or other liabilities of the Banking Group, that the insurance policies are subject to investment risk, including possible loss of income and principal and that the Banking Group does not guarantee the capital value or performance of the policies.

Any financial services (including funding and liquidity support) provided by the Banking Group to securitisation, funds management and custodial services entities, discretionary private banking activities or issuers of marketed and distributed insurance products are made on an arm's length basis and at fair value. Any securities or assets purchased from such entities have been purchased on an arm's length basis and at fair value.

Insurance business

The Banking Group does not conduct any insurance business directly, although the Banking Group holds a 49% share in the ING NZ joint venture.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

25. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2007 \$m	Consolidated Unaudited 9 months to 30/06/2006 \$m	Audited Year to 30/09/2006 \$m
Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash flows used in operating activities			
Profit after income tax	848	803	1,072
Non-cash items:			
Depreciation and amortisation	43	105	140
Provision for credit impairment	56	6	19
Amortisation of premiums and discounts	42	(11)	12
Capitalised brokerage/loan origination fees	50	23	31
Deferred fee revenue and expenses	2	8	6
Share-based payment expense	10	9	10
Deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments:			
Increase in operating assets and liabilities	(5,655)	(3,374)	(5,785)
Increase in interest receivable	(76)	(84)	(88)
Increase in interest payable	133	113	74
Increase in accrued income	(1)	–	(1)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	2	13	(13)
(Decrease) increase in provisions	(21)	9	9
Decrease (increase) in income tax assets	127	64	(3)
Increase in income tax liabilities	114	26	63
Items classified as investing/financing:			
Share of profit of equity accounted associates and jointly controlled entities	(17)	(18)	(22)
Gain on disposal of controlled entities	(76)	–	–
Gain on disposal of associates and jointly controlled entities	–	–	(2)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(4,419)	(2,308)	(4,478)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

26. CAPITAL ADEQUACY

Capital Adequacy Ratios	Consolidated			Registered Bank		
	Unaudited 30/06/2007	Unaudited 30/06/2006	Audited 30/09/2006	Unaudited 30/06/2007	Unaudited 30/06/2006	Audited 30/09/2006
Tier 1 Capital	7.43%	7.85%	7.34%	7.10%	7.63%	7.09%
Total Capital	10.14%	10.15%	10.14%	8.94%	8.95%	8.96%
Reserve Bank of New Zealand minimum ratios:						
Tier 1 Capital	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
Total Capital	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%

The information contained in the table below has been derived in accordance with the Conditions of Registration imposed pursuant to section 74 (4) (b) of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989 and the capital adequacy framework issued by the Reserve Bank of New Zealand.

For the purposes of calculating the capital adequacy ratios for the Registered Bank ("solo basis"), wholly owned and wholly funded subsidiaries of ANZ National Bank Limited are consolidated with the Bank. In this context, wholly funded by the Bank means that there are no liabilities (including off-balance sheet obligations) to anyone other than the Bank, the Department of Inland Revenue and trade creditors, where aggregate exposure to trade creditors does not exceed 5% of the subsidiary's shareholders' equity. Wholly owned by the Bank means that all equity issued by the subsidiary is held by the Bank.

	Consolidated			Registered Bank		
	Unaudited 30/06/2007	Unaudited 30/06/2006	Audited 30/09/2006	Unaudited 30/06/2007	Unaudited 30/06/2006	Audited 30/09/2006
Tier 1 Capital						
Ordinary share capital	5,943	5,943	5,943	5,943	5,943	5,943
Revenue and similar reserves	1,976	1,699	1,218	1,666	1,459	979
Current period's profit after tax	848	803	1,072	808	746	1,001
Less deductions from Tier 1 Capital						
– Goodwill	3,265	3,265	3,266	3,262	3,262	3,262
– Other intangible assets	26	22	23	25	22	22
– Defined benefit schemes surplus	9	–	–	9	–	–
– Equity investment in ING (NZ) Holdings Limited	183	162	167	183	162	167
– Cash flow hedging reserve	95	36	52	95	36	52
Total Tier 1 Capital	5,189	4,960	4,725	4,843	4,666	4,420
Tier 2 Capital – Upper Level Tier 2 Capital						
Perpetual subordinated debt	292	324	304	292	324	304
Tier 2 Capital – Lower Level Tier 2 Capital						
Term subordinated debt	1,602	1,130	1,501	1,602	1,130	1,501
Total Tier 2 Capital	1,894	1,454	1,805	1,894	1,454	1,805
Total Tier 1 Capital Plus Tier 2 Capital	7,083	6,414	6,530	6,737	6,120	6,225
Less deductions from Total Capital						
– Equity investments in subsidiaries	–	–	–	642	642	642
Capital	7,083	6,414	6,530	6,095	5,478	5,583
Total risk weighted exposures						
On-balance sheet exposures	64,450	58,814	60,160	62,815	56,803	58,137
Off-balance sheet exposures	5,414	4,398	4,223	5,399	4,373	4,185
	69,864	63,212	64,383	68,214	61,176	62,322

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

26. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Total Risk Weighted Exposures of the Banking Group as at 30 June 2007 (Unaudited):

	Principal Amount \$m	Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m		
On-balance sheet exposures					
Cash and short term claims on Government	2,024	0	–		
Long term claims on Government	1,405	10	140		
Claims on banks	5,479	20	1,096		
Claims on public sector entities	437	20	87		
Residential mortgages	48,014	50	24,007		
Other	39,120	100	39,120		
Non risk weighted assets	7,608	n/a	–		
Total on-balance sheet exposures	104,087		64,450		
	Notional Principal Amount \$m	Credit Conversion Factor %	Credit Equivalent Amount \$m	Average Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m
Off-balance sheet exposures					
Direct credit substitutes	2,428	100	2,428	49	1,180
Commitments with certain drawdown	1,782	100	1,782	62	1,113
Transaction related contingent liabilities	404	50	202	100	202
Short term self liquidating trade related contingencies	150	20	30	67	20
Other commitments to provide financial services which have an original maturity of one year or more	2,031	50	1,016	100	1,016
Other commitments with an original maturity less than one year or which can be unconditionally cancelled at any time	18,717	0	–	100	–
Market related contracts ¹					
– Foreign exchange	72,397		3,690	28	1,018
– Interest rate	439,677		4,032	21	861
– Equity	20		22	20	4
Total off-balance sheet exposures	537,606		13,202		5,414

¹The credit equivalent amounts for market related contracts are calculated using the current exposure method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

26. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Total Risk Weighted Exposures of the Banking Group as at 30 June 2006 (Unaudited):

	Principal Amount \$m	Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m
On-balance sheet exposures			
Cash and short term claims on Government	2,179	0	–
Long term claims on Government	1,417	10	142
Claims on banks	6,307	20	1,261
Claims on public sector entities	420	20	84
Residential mortgages	42,402	50	21,201
Other	36,126	100	36,126
Non risk weighted assets	5,896	n/a	–
Total on-balance sheet exposures	94,747		58,814

	Notional Principal Amount \$m	Credit Conversion Factor %	Credit Equivalent Amount \$m	Average Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m
Off-balance sheet exposures					
Direct credit substitutes	1,993	100	1,993	46	915
Commitments with certain drawdown	1,425	100	1,425	68	974
Transaction related contingent liabilities	377	50	188	100	188
Short term self liquidating trade related contingencies	206	20	41	70	29
Other commitments to provide financial services which have an original maturity of one year or more	2,006	50	1,003	100	1,003
Other commitments with an original maturity less than one year or which can be unconditionally cancelled at any time	18,585	0	–	100	–
Market related contracts ¹					
– Foreign exchange	71,842		3,680	26	967
– Interest rate	233,659		1,370	23	318
– Equity	30		19	21	4
Total off-balance sheet exposures	330,123		9,719		4,398

¹The credit equivalent amounts for market related contracts are calculated using the current exposure method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

26. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Total Risk Weighted Exposures of the Banking Group as at 30 September 2006 (Audited):

	Principal Amount \$m	Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m
On-balance sheet exposures			
Cash and short term claims on Government	2,328	0	–
Long term claims on Government	824	10	82
Claims on banks	6,481	20	1,296
Claims on public sector entities	425	20	85
Residential mortgages	43,526	50	21,763
Other	36,934	100	36,934
Non risk weighted assets	5,506	n/a	–
	96,024		60,160

	Notional Principal Amount \$m	Credit Conversion Factor %	Credit Equivalent Amount \$m	Average Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m
Off-balance sheet exposures					
Direct credit substitutes	2,056	100	2,056	46	946
Commitments with certain drawdown	1,259	100	1,259	61	771
Transaction related contingent liabilities	376	50	188	100	188
Short term self liquidating trade related contingencies	89	20	18	94	17
Other commitments to provide financial services which have an original maturity of one year or more	2,351	50	1,175	100	1,175
Other commitments with an original maturity less than one year or which can be unconditionally cancelled at any time	17,987	0	–	100	–
Market related contracts ¹					
– Foreign exchange	73,017		2,840	26	745
– Interest rate	253,530		1,665	23	377
– Equity	30		22	20	4
	350,695		9,223		4,223

¹The credit equivalent amounts for market related contracts are calculated using the current exposure method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

26. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Total Risk Weighted Exposures of the Registered Bank as at 30 June 2007 (Unaudited):

	Principal Amount \$m	Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m		
On-balance sheet exposures					
Cash and short term claims on Government	1,719	0	–		
Long term claims on Government	1,405	10	140		
Claims on banks	4,985	20	997		
Claims on public sector entities	437	20	87		
Residential mortgages	48,014	50	24,007		
Other	37,584	100	37,584		
Non risk weighted assets	8,250	n/a	–		
Total on-balance sheet exposures	102,394		62,815		
	Notional Principal Amount \$m	Credit Conversion Factor %	Credit Equivalent Amount \$m	Average Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m
Off-balance sheet exposures					
Direct credit substitutes	2,428	100	2,428	49	1,180
Commitments with certain drawdown	1,782	100	1,782	62	1,113
Transaction related contingent liabilities	404	50	202	100	202
Short term self liquidating trade related contingencies	143	20	29	70	20
Other commitments to provide financial services which have an original maturity of one year or more	2,008	50	1,004	100	1,004
Other commitments with an original maturity less than one year or which can be unconditionally cancelled at any time	18,553	0	–	100	–
Market related contracts ¹					
– Foreign exchange	72,397		3,690	28	1,018
– Interest rate	439,252		4,026	21	858
– Equity	20		22	20	4
Total off-balance sheet exposures	536,987		13,183		5,399

¹The credit equivalent amounts for market related contracts are calculated using the current exposure method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

26. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Total Risk Weighted Exposures of the Registered Bank as at 30 June 2006 (Unaudited):

	Principal Amount \$m	Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m
On-balance sheet exposures			
Cash and short term claims on Government	1,879	0	–
Long term claims on Government	1,417	10	142
Claims on banks	5,762	20	1,152
Claims on public sector entities	420	20	84
Residential mortgages	42,370	50	21,185
Other	34,240	100	34,240
Non risk weighted assets	6,535	n/a	–
Total on-balance sheet exposures	92,623		56,803

	Notional Principal Amount \$m	Credit Conversion Factor %	Credit Equivalent Amount \$m	Average Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m
Off-balance sheet exposures					
Direct credit substitutes	1,993	100	1,993	46	915
Commitments with certain drawdown	1,400	100	1,400	68	949
Transaction related contingent liabilities	377	50	188	100	188
Short term self liquidating trade related contingencies	203	20	41	71	29
Other commitments to provide financial services which have an original maturity of one year or more	2,006	50	1,003	100	1,003
Other commitments with an original maturity less than one year or which can be unconditionally cancelled at any time	18,388	0	–	100	–
Market related contracts ¹					
– Foreign exchange	71,840		3,680	26	967
– Interest rate	233,259		1,370	23	318
– Equity	30		19	21	4
Total off-balance sheet exposures	329,496		9,694		4,373

¹The credit equivalent amounts for market related contracts are calculated using the current exposure method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

26. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

Total Risk Weighted Exposures of the Registered Bank as at 30 September 2006 (Audited):

	Principal Amount \$m	Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m
On-balance sheet exposures			
Cash and short term claims on Government	2,028	0	–
Long term claims on Government	824	10	82
Claims on banks	5,950	20	1,190
Claims on public sector entities	425	20	85
Residential mortgages	43,526	50	21,763
Other	35,017	100	35,017
Non risk weighted assets	6,143	n/a	–
Total on-balance sheet exposures	93,913		58,137

	Notional Principal Amount \$m	Credit Conversion Factor %	Credit Equivalent Amount \$m	Average Risk Weight %	Risk Weighted \$m
Off-balance sheet exposures					
Direct credit substitutes	2,056	100	2,056	46	946
Commitments with certain drawdown	1,221	100	1,221	60	733
Transaction related contingent liabilities	376	50	188	100	188
Short term self liquidating trade related contingencies	87	20	17	97	17
Other commitments to provide financial services which have an original maturity of one year or more	2,351	50	1,175	100	1,175
Other commitments with an original maturity less than one year or which can be unconditionally cancelled at any time	17,805	0	–	100	–
Market related contracts ¹					
– Foreign exchange	73,016		2,840	26	745
– Interest rate	253,122		1,665	23	377
– Equity	30		22	20	4
Total off-balance sheet exposures	350,064		9,184		4,185

¹The credit equivalent amounts for market related contracts are calculated using the current exposure method.

27. PARENT COMPANY

The Parent Company is ANZ Holdings (New Zealand) Limited which is incorporated in New Zealand. The Ultimate Parent Company is Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited which is incorporated in Australia.

The Ultimate Parent Company is required to hold minimum capital at least equal to that specified under the Basel I framework. The capital adequacy ratios are:

	Unaudited 31/03/2007	Unaudited 31/03/2006	Audited 30/09/2006
Tier 1 Capital	6.7%	6.8%	6.8%
Total Capital	10.3%	10.4%	10.6%

The Ultimate Parent Company meets those requirements imposed on it by its home supervisor as at 31 March 2007 whereby banks must maintain a ratio of qualifying capital to risk weighted assets of at least 8 per cent.

The Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority introduced new prudential capital standards as at 1 July 2006 which contain various transitional rules which run through to different dates in 2008 and 2010 to coincide with Basel II implementation.

28. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 9 August 2007.

On 9 August 2007, an interim ordinary dividend of \$368 million was declared, to be paid to the parent company, ANZ Holdings (New Zealand) Limited. The dividend per share was \$0.53.

CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION

Conditions of Registration, applicable as at 9 August 2007. These Conditions of Registration have applied from 30 June 2007.

The registration of ANZ National Bank Limited ('the Bank') as a registered bank is subject to the following conditions:

1. That the Banking Group complies with the following requirements at all times:
 - Capital of the Banking Group is not less than 8 percent of risk weighted exposures.
 - Tier 1 capital of the Banking Group is not less than 4 percent of risk weighted exposures.
 - Capital of the Banking Group is not less than NZ \$15 million.

That the Bank complies with the following requirements at all times:

- Capital of the Bank is not less than 8 percent of risk weighted exposures.
- Tier 1 capital of the Bank is not less than 4 percent of risk weighted exposures.
- Capital of the Bank is not less than NZ \$15 million.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, capital, Tier 1 capital and risk weighted exposures shall be calculated in accordance with the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled 'Capital Adequacy Framework' (BS2) dated March 2007.

In its disclosure statements under the Registered Bank Disclosure Statement (Off-Quarter – New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2007, the Bank must include all of the information relating to the capital position of both the Bank and the Banking Group which would be required if the second schedule of that Order was replaced by the second schedule of the Registered Bank Disclosure Statement (Full and Half-Year – New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2007 in respect of the relevant quarter.

2. That the Banking Group does not conduct any non-financial activities that in aggregate are material relative to its total activities, where the term material is based on generally accepted accounting practice, as defined in the Financial Reporting Act 1993.
3. That the Banking Group's insurance business is not greater than 1% of its total consolidated assets. For the purposes of this condition:
 - (i) Insurance business means any business of the nature referred to in section 4 of the Insurance Companies (Ratings and Inspections) Act 1994 (including those to which the Act is disappplied by sections 4(1)(a) and (b) and 9 of that Act), or any business of the nature referred to in section 3(1) of the Life Insurance Act 1908;
 - (ii) In measuring the size of the Banking Group's insurance business:
 - (a) Where insurance business is conducted by any entity whose business predominantly consists of insurance business, the size of that insurance business shall be:
 - The total consolidated assets of the group headed by that entity;
 - Or if the entity is a subsidiary of another entity whose business predominantly consists of insurance business, the total consolidated assets of the group headed by the latter entity;
 - (b) Otherwise, the size of each insurance business conducted by any entity within the Banking Group shall equal the total liabilities relating to that insurance business, plus the equity retained by the entity to meet the solvency or financial soundness needs of the insurance business;

(c) The amounts measured in relation to parts a) and b) shall be summed and compared to the total consolidated assets of the Banking Group. All amounts in parts a) and b) shall relate to on balance sheet items only, and shall be determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice, as defined in the Financial Reporting Act 1993;

(d) Where products or assets of which an insurance business is comprised also contain a non-insurance component, the whole of such products or assets shall be considered part of the insurance business.

4. That aggregate credit exposures (of a non-capital nature and net of specific provisions) of the Banking Group to all connected persons do not exceed the rating-contingent limit outlined in the following matrix:

Credit Rating	Connected exposure limit (% of the Banking Group's Tier 1 capital)
AA/Aa2 and above	75
AA-/Aa3	70
A+/A1	60
A/A2	40
A-/A3	30
BBB+/Baa1 and below	15

Within the rating-contingent limit, credit exposures (of a non-capital nature and net of specific provisions) to non-bank connected persons shall not exceed 15 percent of the Banking Group's Tier 1 capital.

For the purposes of this condition of registration, compliance with the rating-contingent connected exposure limit is determined in accordance with the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled 'Connected Exposure Policy' (BS8) dated March 2007.

5. That exposures to connected persons are not on more favourable terms (e.g. as relates to such matters as credit assessment, tenor, interest rates, amortisation schedules and requirement for collateral) than corresponding exposures to non-connected persons.
6. That the board of the Bank contains at least two independent directors and that alternates for those directors, if any, are also independent. In this context an independent director (or alternate) is a director (or alternate) who is not an employee of the Bank, and who is not a director, trustee, or employee of any holding company (as that term is defined in section 5 of the Companies Act 1993) of the Bank, or any other entity capable of controlling or significantly influencing the Bank.
7. That the chairperson of the Bank's board is not an employee of the Bank.
8. That the Bank's constitution does not include any provision permitting a director, when exercising powers or performing duties as a director, to act other than in what he or she believes is the best interests of the company (i.e. the Bank).
9. That a substantial proportion of the Bank's business is conducted in and from New Zealand.
10. That no appointment of any director, chief executive officer, or executive who reports or is accountable directly to the chief executive officer, shall be made in respect of the Bank unless:
 - (i) The Reserve Bank has been supplied with a copy of the curriculum vitae of the proposed appointee, and
 - (ii) The Reserve Bank has advised that it has no objection to that appointment.

CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION (continued)

11. That by 31 December 2007 the Bank will have legal and practical ability to control and execute any business, and any functions relating to any business, of the Bank that are carried on by a person other than the Bank, sufficient to achieve, under normal business conditions and in the event of stress or failure of the Bank or of a service provider to the Bank, the following outcomes:
- (a) that the Bank's clearing and settlement obligations due on a day can be met on that day;
 - (b) that the Bank's financial risk positions on a day can be identified on that day;
 - (c) that the Bank's financial risk positions can be monitored and managed on the day following any failure and on subsequent days; and
 - (d) that the Bank's existing customers can be given access to payments facilities on the day following any failure and on subsequent days.
12. (a) That the business and affairs of the Bank are managed by, or under the direction and supervision of, the board of the Bank.
- (b) That the employment contract of the chief executive officer of the Bank or person in an equivalent position (together "CEO") is with the Bank, and the terms and conditions of the CEO's employment agreement are determined by, and any decision relating to the employment or termination of employment of the CEO are made by, the board of the Bank.
- (c) That all staff employed by the Bank shall have their remuneration determined by (or under the delegated authority of) the board or the CEO of the Bank and be accountable (directly or indirectly) to the CEO of the Bank.

For the purposes of the this condition of registration, the term "legal and practical ability to control and execute" is explained in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand document entitled 'Outsourcing Policy' (BS11) dated January 2006.

For the purposes of these conditions of registration, the term 'Banking Group' means ANZ National Bank Limited's financial reporting group (as defined in section 2(1) of the Financial Reporting Act 1993).

CREDIT RATING INFORMATION

The Bank has two current credit ratings, which are applicable to its long-term senior unsecured obligations which are payable in New Zealand in New Zealand dollars. The credit ratings are:

Standard & Poor's **AA**

Moody's Investors Service **Aa2**

The Standard & Poor's rating was issued on 22 February 2007. On this date Standard & Poor's revised the Bank's rating to AA from AA-. There have been no other changes in the credit rating issued in the past two years ended 30 June 2007. The rating is not subject to any qualifications.

The Moody's Investors Service rating was issued on 4 May 2007. On this date Moody's Investor Service revised the Bank's rating to Aa2 from Aa3. There have been no other changes in the credit rating issued in the past two years ended 30 June 2007. The rating is not subject to any qualifications.

The following is a description of the major ratings categories by Ratings Agency:

Standard & Poor's – Credit rating scale for long-term ratings:

Ratings scale	Description
AAA	Extremely strong capacity to pay interest and repay principal in a timely manner. Highest rating assigned.
AA	Very strong capacity to pay interest and repay principal in a timely manner. This differs from the highest rating only in a small degree.
A	Strong capacity to pay interest and repay principal in a timely manner, but may be more susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions than higher rated entities.
BBB	Adequate capacity to pay interest and repay principal in a timely manner, however adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity to meet debt servicing commitments than higher rated entities.
BB	A degree of speculation exists with respect to the ability of an entity with this credit rating to pay interest and repay principal in a timely manner. Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions could impair the borrower's capacity to meet debt service commitments in a timely manner.
B	Entities rated B are more vulnerable to adverse business, financial or economic conditions than entities in higher rating categories. Adverse business, financial or economic conditions will likely impair the borrower's capacity or willingness to meet debt service commitments in a timely manner.
CCC	Entities rated CCC are currently vulnerable to default and are dependent on favourable business, financial and economic conditions to meet debt service commitments in a timely manner. In the event of adverse business, financial or economic conditions the entity is likely to default.
CC	Entities rated CC are currently highly vulnerable to non-payment of interest and principal.
C	Entities rated C have filed a bankruptcy petition or taken similar action, but payment of obligations are being continued.
D	D rated entities are in default. This is assigned when interest or principal payments are not made on the date due or when an insolvency petition or a request to appoint a receiver is filed.

Plus (+) or Minus (-): The ratings from 'AA' to 'CCC' may be modified by the addition of a plus or minus sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

CREDIT RATING INFORMATION (continued)

Moody's Investors Service – Credit rating scale for long-term ratings:

Ratings scale	Description
Aaa	Judged to be of the best quality. They carry the smallest degree of investment risk and are generally referred to as 'gilt edged'. Interest payments are protected by a large or by an exceptionally stable margin and principal is secure. While the various protective elements are likely to change, such changes as can be visualised are most unlikely to impair the fundamentally strong position of such issues.
Aa	Judged to be of high quality by all standards. Together with the Aaa group they comprise what are generally known as high-grade bonds. They are rated lower than the best bonds because margins of protection may not be as large as in Aaa securities or fluctuation of protective elements may be of greater amplitude or there may be other elements present which make the long-term risk appear somewhat larger than the Aaa securities.
A	Possess many favourable investment attributes and are to be considered as upper-medium-grade obligations. Factors giving security to principal and interest are considered adequate, but elements may be present which suggest a susceptibility to impairment some time in the future.
Baa	Considered as medium-grade obligations (i.e. they are neither highly protected nor poorly secured). Interest payments and principal security appear adequate for the present but certain protective elements may be lacking or may be characteristically unreliable over any great length of time. Such bonds lack outstanding investment characteristics and in fact have speculative characteristics as well.
Ba	Judged to have speculative elements; their future cannot be considered as well-assured. Often the protection of interest and principal payments may be very moderate, and thereby not well safeguarded during both good and bad times over the future. Uncertainty of position characterises bonds in this class.
B	Generally lack characteristics of the desirable investment. Assurance of interest and principal payments or of maintenance of other terms of the contract over any long period of time may be small.
Caa	These bonds are of poor standing. Such issues may be in default or there may be present elements of danger with respect to principal or interest.
Ca	Represent obligations which are speculative in a high degree. Such issues are often in default or have other marked shortcomings.
C	These are the lowest rated class of bonds, and issues so rated can be regarded as having extremely poor prospects of ever attaining any real investment standing.

Moody's Investors Service bond ratings, where specified, are applied to financial contracts, senior bank obligations and insurance company senior policyholder and claims obligations with an original maturity in excess of one year.

Moody's Investors Service applies numerical modifiers **1**, **2** and **3** in each generic rating classification from 'Aa' through 'Caa'. The modifier **1** indicates that the obligation ranks in the higher end of its generic rating category; the modifier **2** indicates a mid-range ranking; and the modifier **3** indicates a ranking in the lower end of that generic rating category.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT for the nine months ended 30 June 2007

Directors' Statement

As at the date on which this General Short Form Disclosure Statement is signed, after due enquiry, each Director believes that:

- The Short Form Disclosure Statement contains all the information that is required by the Registered Bank Disclosure Statement (Off-Quarter – New Zealand Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2007;
- The Short Form Disclosure Statement is not false or misleading.

Over the nine months ended 30 June 2007, after due enquiry, each Director believes that:

- ANZ National Bank Limited has complied with the Conditions of Registration;
- Credit exposures to connected persons were not contrary to the interests of the Banking Group;
- ANZ National Bank Limited had systems in place to monitor and control adequately the Banking Group's material risks, including credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, equity risk, liquidity risk and other business risks, and that those systems were being properly applied.

This General Short Form Disclosure Statement is dated, and has been signed by or on behalf of all Directors of the Bank on, 9 August 2007. On that date, the Directors of the Bank were:

Dr D T Brash

Dr R J Edgar

N M T Geary, CBE

G K Hodges

J McFarlane, OBE

P R Marriott

Sir Dryden Spring

INDEPENDENT REVIEW REPORT for the nine months ended 30 June 2007

**Independent Review Report to the Directors of ANZ National Bank Limited**

We have reviewed the interim financial statements, including supplementary information, for the nine months ended 30 June 2007 set out on pages 3 to 30.

The interim financial statements and supplementary information provide information about the past financial performance and financial position of ANZ National Bank Limited and its subsidiary companies (the 'Banking Group'). This information is stated in accordance with accounting policies set out on page 7.

Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of interim financial statements and supplementary information which gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Banking Group as at 30 June 2007 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the nine months ended on that date.

Reviewers' responsibilities

It is our responsibility to independently review the interim financial statements including supplementary information presented by the Directors and state whether anything has come to our attention that would cause us to believe that the interim financial statements or supplementary information do not present a true and fair view of the matters to which they relate.

Basis of statement

Our review has been conducted in accordance with the Review Engagement Standards issued by the New Zealand Institute of Chartered Accountants. A review is limited primarily to enquiries of Banking Group personnel and analytical review procedures applied to financial data, and thus provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Statement

Based on our review nothing has come to our attention that would cause us to believe that the interim financial statements or supplementary information do not present a true and fair view of the matters to which they relate.

Our review was completed on 9 August 2007 and our statement is made as at that date.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads 'KPMG'.

Wellington

